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CLAIMS

- 1. Analog signal repeater system (1) where frequency converting repeaters (6-9, 10-13) of super-heterodyne or super-regenerative type realised with any of discrete semiconductors, MMIC semiconductors, ASIC semiconductors are applied to optimize signal dynamics by avoiding echo between repeaters (6-9, 10-13) and where each information channel (15, 16) in the system only needs two frequency bands,
- c h a r a c t e r i s e d b y each second repeater (7, 9, 12, 10) of the signal cascade (2, 14) repeating the signals within the same frequency band to increase isolation against interference between repeaters and against reflections and signal echo.
- Analog signal repeater system according to claim 1,
 c h a r a c t e r i s e d b y frequency converting repeaters (38) of superheterodyne or super-regenerative type being arranged with an intermediate frequency (33) which is suitable for interconnection with an adapter (36) for adaption of signal frequencies (37) and levels toward a commercially available data network node (36) of suitable type as with nodes for wireless networks based on IEEE802.11x.
 - 3. Analog signal repeater system according to claim 1 c h a r a c t e r i s e d by (40) an adapter (41) performing frequency conversion of a high frequency signal (53) or microwave signal (53) to and from a network node (42), corresponding to a modem (42) or correspondingly a PC adapter (42) for network communication and as an example a PC adapter (42) for wireless network using IEEE802.11x protocol by the adapter's (41) resultant frequency (45) being correspondingly (45) adaptable analog repeater (38) which may be connected at a any point (51) in an analog cascade (52).
 - 4. Analog signal repeater system according to claim 1, c h a r a c t e r i s e d by an adapter solution (61) correspondingly (41) where in addition to a frequency conversion arrangement (64) a bypass signal path is arranged (63, 65 69), with or without frequency conversion, for return signal (63)

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direction (62) to achieve acceptable duplex conditons and where the application may be cable modems (73)or other.

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- 5. Analog signal repeater system where a combination method (70) achieves 5 isolation between input signal and output signal (73-76) for a repeater (70) with antennas (71, 72) as well as avoids reflections back to the repeater (70) characterized by the application of two frequency bands using two repeaters (82, 83) that repeat within same frequency band (74-76, 73-75) but where two bi-directional, advantageously one-port repeaters (82, 83) contain differing frequency bands for the two signal directions (74-76, 73-75) to achieve isolation against interference between repeaters and against reflections and signal echo and where the isolation is further increased by additionally facilitating the use of separate amplifiers for input and output signals (77-80, 78, 79) as well as oposite antenna polarisation or coupler polarity for the differing signal ports (73-74, 15 75-76).
 - 6. Analog signal repeater according to claim 5, characterised by the repeater arrangement to facilitate a built-in radio interface (81) for interface communication which can be two-way.
 - Analog signal repeater system arrangement with analog repeaters of one 7. frequency kind or frequency converting kind for transmission of large bandwidths on free standing conductors according to the Lecher principle on any metallic conductor without insulation layer, with thin insulation layer or with insulation layer of loss angle and suitable for short wavelenghts all the way up to very short wavelengths in the millimetre regions and where the wave propagation exhibit very low attenuation

characterised by the repeater arrangement (190, 210, 230) to apply antenna like couplers in connection with one free standing conductor and which dows not require galvanic coupling and where the couplers look in oposite directions out from the repeaters.

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9. Analog repeater system (250, 260, 310, 330, 360, 390) where a combination method (250, 260, 310) achieves isolation between none galvanic coupled or none direct coupled input and output ports (312-313, 331, 372-373, 372-380, 373-380) for an analog repeater (70)of one frequency kind or of frequency converting kind as well as achieving dampening of reflections, signal interference and signal echo between repeaters,

172 as well as cable terminations 165, 166 samt 178, 179.

- c h a r a c t e r i s e d b y the application of inductive coupler loop for none galvanic or none direct coupling that also can have incased efficiency with toroids of magnitic or dielectric type (140) encircling both cable conductors and coupling loop and which is installed between cable terminations 161, 162, 163 and which thereby can utilise an implicit impedance (189) or a combination of implicit and added impedance (189) to yield increased isolation between the none repeater ports (312-313, 331, 372-373, 372-380, 373-380) as well as between cable terminations 165, 166 including 178, 179 including 311, 319, including 331, 332, including 361, 362 including 361, 280 including 362, 380.
- 10. Analog signal repeater according to claim 9, c h a r a c t e r i s e d b ythe application of a combination of none galvanic or none direct coupling and galvanic or direct coupling.